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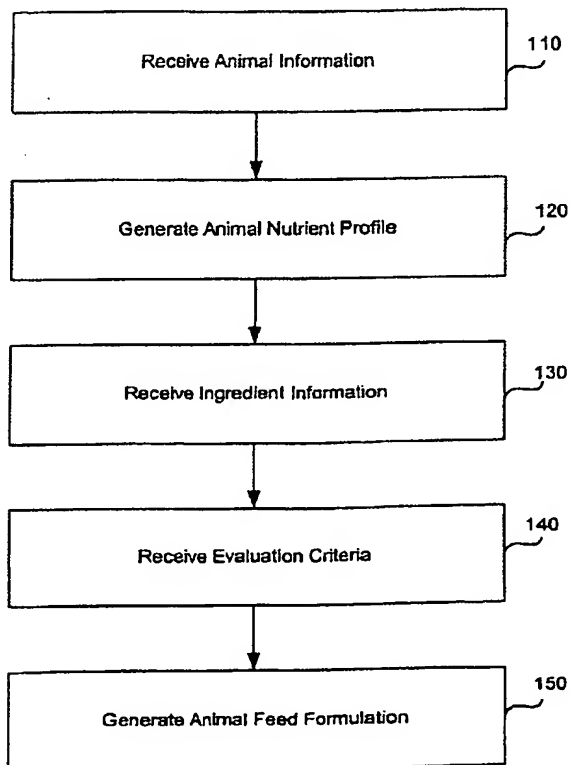
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(54) Title: SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF CUSTOMIZING AN ANIMAL FEED BASED ON NUCLEIC ACID MATERIAL CONTENT



(57) Abstract: A system for and method of determining a formulation for an animal feed having a customized nucleic acid material content. The system can include an animal profile, an animal nutrient requirement profile, an evaluation criteria, and/or ingredient nutrient content profiles. The information contained in the profiles and criteria can be used to calculate a formulation having a desirable nucleic acid material content. The optimized nucleic acid material content can be used to maximize satisfaction of an evaluation criteria.

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SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF CUSTOMIZING AN ANIMAL FEED BASED ON NUCLEIC ACID MATERIAL CONTENT

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates generally to a computerized system for determining a customized feed for animals, such as cattle, swine, poultry, fish, crustaceans and the like. More particularly, the present invention relates to determining a feed mix that includes a nucleic acid material content based upon animal needs and/or characteristics, available ingredients and cost of production.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] In general, animal feed products are compositions of a large variety of raw materials or ingredients. The ingredients can be selected to optimize the amount of any given nutrient or combination of nutrients in an animal feed product based upon the nutrient composition of the ingredients used.

[0003] The nutritional composition of any one feed ingredient can be used in combination with the nutritional composition of every other ingredient in the feed to produce an animal feed that maximizes an evaluation criteria. One example of an evaluation criteria is the growth and production rate of the animal in the shortest amount of time. Animal feed producers have recognized that certain nutritional compositions help animals to meet or exceed evaluation criteria than if they used other nutritional compositions. For example, a particular cow feed composition can be made that will deliver an improved balance of essential amino acids post ruminally. This has has been shown to have the effect of increasing the cow's milk production. Maximizing the speed and frequency with which animals meet the evaluation criteria generally is desirable. Maximizing criteria satisfaction also may include

maximizing some positive criteria, such as total muscle gain, or minimizing a negative criteria, such as weight loss during illness.

[0004] A composition can be used in several forms: complete feed form, concentrate form, blender form and base mix form. An example of the complete feed form can include wheat middlings, corn, soybean meal, corn gluten meal, distillers grains or distillers grains with solubles, blood meal, salt, macro-minerals, trace minerals, and vitamins.

[0005] Further, animal feed producers have recognized that desirable nutritional composition changes depending on the developmental stage of the animal in question (e.g. newborn, weaning, gestating). The ideal nutrient composition can also change based on additional factors, including the health of the animal and whether the animal is nursing. Therefore, animal feed producers have recognized that by mixing ingredients to produce an ideal nutritional composition for particular animals at particular growth stages, they can meet evaluation criteria.

[0006] Thus, there is a need for a method and system for maximizing nutritional criteria satisfaction. Further, there is a need for a system and method to create a customized animal feed formulated to satisfy some requirement.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] An exemplary embodiment is related to a system for determining customized feed for at least one animal. The system can include a first memory portion configured to store animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal, a second memory portion configured to store feed data representative of feed ingredients, and a data processing circuit in communication with the memory portions and configured to generate a nutritional profile including a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data. The data processing circuit can be further

configured to generate formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients. The formulation data can be generated by the data processing circuit based upon the nutritional profile data and the feed data.

[0008] An exemplary embodiment is related to a system for determining customized feed for at least one animal. The system can include a first memory portion configured to store animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal, a second memory portion configured to store feed data representative of feed ingredients, a third memory portion configured to store evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria, and a data processing circuit in communication with the memory portions and configured to generate a nutritional profile including a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data. The data processing circuit can be further configured to generate formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients. The formulation data can be generated by the data processing circuit based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data and the evaluation data.

[0009] Another exemplary embodiment is related to a system for determining customized feed for at least one animal. The system includes a first memory means for storing animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal, a second memory means for storing feed data representative of feed ingredients, a third memory means for storing evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria, and a processing means for generating nutritional profile data representative of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data. The processing means can generate formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients. This formulation data can be generated based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data and the evaluation data.

[0010] Another exemplary embodiment can be related to a method for determining customized feed for at least one animal. The method can include storing animal data representative of the characteristics of the

animal, storing feed data representative of feed ingredients, generating nutritional profile data including a representation of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data, and generating formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients. The formulation data can be generated based upon the nutritional profile data and the feed data.

[0011] Another exemplary embodiment can be related to a method for determining customized feed for at least one animal. The method can include storing animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal, storing feed data representative of feed ingredients, storing evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria, generating nutritional profile data including a representation of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data, and generating formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients. The formulation data can be generated based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data, and the evaluation data.

[0012] Other principle features and advantages of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art upon review of the following drawings, the detailed description, and the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The exemplary embodiments will hereafter be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein like numerals denote like elements, and:

[0014] FIGURE 1 is a flow chart, illustrating a method of formulating an animal feed having a customized nucleic acid material content;

[0015] FIGURE 2 is a diagrammatical representation of a computer system for use in implementing the animal feed formulation method described in FIGURE 1; and

[0016] FIGURE 3 is a diagrammatical representation of multiple computers in a networked configuration.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EXEMPLARY EMBODIMENTS

[0017] A system for and method of customizing nucleic acid material content in an animal feed are described. In the following description, for the purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. It will be evident, however, to one skilled in the art that the exemplary embodiments may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, structures and devices are shown in diagram form in order to facilitate description of the exemplary embodiments.

[0018] In at least one exemplary embodiment illustrated below, a computer system is described which has a central processing unit (CPU) that executes sequences of instructions contained in a memory. More specifically, execution of the sequences of instructions causes the CPU to perform steps, which are described below. The instructions may be loaded into a random access memory (RAM) for execution by the CPU from a read-only memory (ROM), a mass storage device, or some other persistent storage. In other embodiments, hardwired circuitry may be used in place of, or in combination with, software instructions to implement the functions described. Thus, the embodiments described herein are not limited to any particular source for the instructions executed by the computer system.

[0019] FIGURE 1 illustrates a flow diagram 100 depicting the steps in a method for customizing a nucleic acid material content in an animal feed. The nucleic acid material content in an animal feed can include an aggregate level of nucleic acid material materials, or levels of individual nucleic acid material materials. The nucleic acid material content in an animal feed refers to any parameter related to the aggregate level and/or relative amount of nucleic acid material or a subtype thereof in the feed.

[0020] As referred to herein, the term "nucleic acid material" includes nucleic acids, nucleotides, nucleosides, and/or nucleic acid-derived bases. Examples of suitable nucleotides include adenylic acid, guanylic acid, cytidylic acid, uridylic acid, inosinic acid, and/or the salts thereof. Examples of suitable nucleosides include guanosine, deoxyguanosine, adenosine, deoxyadenosine, cytidine, uridine, inosine and/or deoxyinosine. Examples of suitable bases of the structural components of nucleic acids include salts of guanine, cytosine, and/or adenine, e.g., hydrochloride salts of one or more of these purine and pyrimidine bases. The present animal feeds include nucleic acid material which may commonly contain the nucleotides, the nucleosides and/or the purine and pyrimidine bases of the structural component of nucleic acids. Mixtures of purine and pyrimidine bases, e.g., mixtures of AMP, GMP, UMP and CMP may be obtained by hydrolyzing ribonucleic acid (e.g., from a yeast) with 5'-phosphodiesterases into 5'-nucleotides. To obtain a mixture of IMP, GMP, UMP and CMP, the mixture of AMP, GMP, UMP and CMP may be treated with one or more deaminases.

[0021] The nucleic acid material content of an animal feed may be customized in terms of the total nucleic acid material content present in the feed. In some instances, however, it may be desirable to customize the nucleic acid material content based on the amounts and/or relative amounts of subtypes of nucleic acid material. Examples of parameters which may be used to customize an animal feed include the total amount of purines (e.g., as nucleic acids, nucleotides, nucleosides and/or purine bases); the total amount of pyrimidines (e.g., as nucleic acids, nucleotides, nucleosides and/or pyrimidine bases); the purine/pyrimidine ratio in the feed; the total amount of individual purines or pyrimidines (present as nucleic acids, nucleotides, nucleosides and/or bases); and the relative amounts of two or more individual purines or pyrimidines (present as nucleic acids, nucleotides, nucleosides and/or bases).

[0022] Animal feed ingredients have been identified that can be credited with a relatively high nucleic acid material value. These ingredients generally include animal, bacterial, and yeast products. All ingredients typically provided in animal feed can provide nucleic acid materials. However, specifically designed formulations can be used to intentionally control the nucleotide concentration provided in an animal feed as a method to modify animal performance.

[0023] An animal feed with a customized nucleic acid material content is applicable to all livestock, poultry, companion animals and aquaculture nutritional applications. For illustrative purpose, the method illustrated in FIGURE 1 is described with reference to swine.

[0024] According to an exemplary embodiment, in a step 110, animal information is received. The animal information can include a type of animal, a production stage of the animal and a health state of the animal. Types of animals could include bovine, swine, various species of fish, etc. The production stage of the animal could include a weaning stage, a starter stage, a production stage, a gestating stage or any stage useful in delineating a group of animals with similar nutritional needs. The health of the animal could include healthy, ill, severely ill, etc.

[0025] According to an exemplary embodiment, the animal information can be received using a type of input device associated with a computer, such as a keyboard, a mouse, a voice recognition system, etc. An exemplary computing system is described with reference to FIGURE 2. According to an alternative embodiment, the animal information can be received over a communication link, such as a computer network, a phone link, a fax line, standard mail, etc. An exemplary network configuration is described with reference to FIGURE 3.

[0026] Animal information received in step 110 can be used to generate an animal nutrient requirement profile in a step 120. The animal

nutrient requirement profile can include a listing of one or more of the following: proteins, amino acids, carbohydrates, fat, energy, vitamins, minerals and/or nucleic acid material requirements. Depending on the sophistication of the profile generation system, the listing can include a greater or fewer number of entries. For example, according to alternative embodiment, the listing can further include the fiber content. The listings may also vary according to the type of animal. According to an alternative embodiment, the animal nutrient requirement profile can include a range of values that represent desirable nutrient levels.

[0027] The animal nutrient requirement profile can be a listing of desirable nutrient levels for the animal described in the animal information. The ideal nutrient levels can include a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal described in the animal information. An example can be a healthy, weaning pig nutrient profile which includes about 1-5 % fat, 18-30 % crude protein and about 3000-3500 kcal metabolizable energy. The nutrient profile can further include a requirement of at least 0.5 wt.% nucleic acid material and typically includes about 0.2-0.4 wt.% nucleic acid material in the diet to maximize growth.

[0028] The animal nutrient requirement profile may also include limiting values indicating that an animal feed should not contain more than a given level of a particular nutrient. Advantageously, a limiting value can be used to prevent excess utilization of nutrients that, at higher levels, may be growth limiting or even toxic.

[0029] In a step 130, ingredient information can be received. The ingredient information can be information related to ingredients to be used in formulation of the animal feed. The ingredient information can include a listing of ingredients available for use in production of an animal feed. The ingredient listing can be a listing of all available ingredients on a national market, a listing of ingredients available in a local market, a listing of

ingredients available at a particular site, or any other set or subset of ingredients.

[0030] The ingredient information can further include additional information related to the available ingredients. The additional information can include the cost of the ingredient, the ingredient nutrient content profile of the ingredient, any limitations of the availability of the ingredient and any other related information. The cost of the ingredient can be normalized to account for any shipping, storage, or other overhead costs. The ingredient nutrient content profile can be a complete listing of all nutrient levels in an ingredient or a subset of the nutrient levels sufficient to make an analysis. The ingredient nutrient content profile of the ingredient can further include the amount of nucleic acid material present in the ingredient. The ingredient listing may vary according to the type of animal to include only ingredients that are used to feed that type of animal.

[0031] In a step 140, an evaluation criteria is received. The evaluation criteria may be chosen from a criteria related to animal productivity such as animal production rate (e.g. growth or rate of production of a food product such as milk or eggs), cost of feed per unit animal weight gain and feed weight per unit animal weight gain. The evaluation criteria can be a particular criteria that a producer would like to optimize. For example, a pork producer may wish to optimize rate of gain by selecting a feed which maximizes the rate at which a pig gains weight.

[0032] The evaluation criteria can include a single criteria or multiple criteria. If multiple criteria are provided, the criteria can be given weights designating their relative importance in a calculation. As an example, a producer may want to generate an animal feed that is weighted 70% on a animal production rate criteria and 30% on a cost of feed per unit animal weight gain basis.

[0033] The evaluation criteria can incorporate responses to the optimization of nucleic acid material content in an animal feed. Responses to nucleic acid materials can include immune activation/regulation, tissue growth, and tissue functioning.

[0034] Following the collection of data in step 110 through step 140, a processing step 150 can be performed. The processing step can be performed by a processing means. An exemplary processing means can be a computer as described with reference to FIGURE 2. The processing step can use a linear program to generate a profile for an animal feed according to the evaluation criteria provided in step 140. A linear program can be a mathematical model capable of solving problems involving a large number of variables limited by constraints using linear math functions. A variety of different linear math programs capable of solving problems of this type are known to those of skill in the art. One example of a program of this type is commercially available from Format International of St. Louis, MO as part of a computer software system for solving complicated multivariable problems.

[0035] The linear program can further include functionality to account for different weights associated with multiple evaluation criteria. The incorporation of weighting information in a linear program is known to those of skill in the art.

[0036] A processing means which includes the linear program, described with reference to FIGURE 2, can take input data (e.g. animal nutrient requirement profile, evaluation criteria, ingredient nutrient content profile, etc.) as a basis to compute animal feed data. Animal feed data can include data specifying a combination of ingredients solution which is solved to fulfill a desired animal nutrient requirement profile based on one or more evaluation criteria.

[0037] Advantageously, the method described with reference to FIGURE 1 allows a producer to formulate an animal feed with an optimized

nucleic acid material content. Advantageously, dietary nucleic acid materials are digested to nucleotides and nucleosides that are absorbed by the animal. These nucleotides and nucleosides can then be utilized (incorporated) in DNA and RNA of multiplying cells as well as RNA to regulate processes in established cells (e.g., gene expression level). Utilizing absorbed nucleic acid materials is more efficient than de novo synthesis of nucleic acid materials or part thereof. Energy and amino acids are spared when absorbed nucleic acid materials are utilized; either as nucleosides, nucleotides, purines, or pyrimidines in phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated form. Moreover, de novo synthesis of nucleic acid materials may limit the growth rate of an animal. Absorbed nucleotides and nucleosides still maintain a ribose-purine/pyrimidine structure that is believed to be the heart of the responses observed.

[0038] The utilization of nucleic acid materials in swine diets can improve performance when the animal has a high rate of cell (re)generation or increased need of gene expression (need for nutrient transporters). A high rate of get cell (re)generation and/or increased need of gene expression usually occurs in association with high tissue growth rates. High tissue growth rates can occur, for example, after intestinal villi atrophy due to a severely reduced feed intake, after changes in nutrient supply that depend on transporter mechanisms, and/or during peak growth periods. High tissue growth rates are generally related to weaning stress in piglets, lactating of sows, after or during an intestinal infection/irritation and/or during periods of rapid growth. Responses in animal performance are also expected during rapid growth of the intestinal tract, muscle, fetal, and mammary development.

[0039] Potential performance improvements may be dependent on the production stage of the animals. Improved gain, feed intake and feed efficiency are expected in nursery and finishing pigs. Mature animals (sows and boars) would show improved feed efficiency and condition after a challenge. Gestating and lactating sows can show improved feed efficiency, gain, and reproductive characteristics. Reproductive characteristics are

increased pigs/litter birth weight, litter growth rate, litter weaning weight, pig weaned/litter/sow, and sow body weight at weaning and reduced days to first estrous and days weaning to gestation for the sow.

[0040] FIGURE 2 illustrates a computer system 200 that can be used to calculate an animal feed having an optimized nucleic acid material content. Computer system 200 can include a processor 210, a memory 220, a visual display unit 230, an input device 240, and an output device 250.

[0041] Computer system 200 can be any type of computing device, including work stations, laptops, notebooks, personal digital assistants (PDAs), or other equipment capable of receiving input from input device 240, accessing memory 220, executing a series of instructions and providing an output to visual display unit 230 or output device 250. Processor 220 can be any type of processor capable of executing instructions, such as an Intel® PENTIUM® processor sold by Intel Corp. of Santa Clara, CA. Visual display unit 230 can be any type of visual display, such as a CRT tube monitor or an LCD display screen. Input device 240 can be a keyboard, a touchpad, voice recognition, file transfer, or any other method or apparatus for communicating information to standalone computing system 200. Output device 250 can be a laser printer, a dot matrix printer, an email program, or any other method or apparatus of communicating information from standalone computing system 400.

[0042] According to an exemplary embodiment, a customer seeking a formulation for an animal feed having an optimized nucleic acid material content can utilize the methods described with reference to FIGURE 1 using computer system 200. The customer can use input device 240 to provide necessary inputs. Computing system 200 can be used to implement an animal feed formulation system in which processor 220 can receive the inputs, access memory 220 for additional required information, and perform necessary calculations. The results of the analysis can be provided alternatively on visual display unit 230 or output device 250.

[0043] FIGURE 3 illustrates a system 300 for providing an animal feed formulation having a customized nucleic acid material content in a network environment. System 300 can include a first computing system 320, a computer network 330, and a second computing system 340. Second computing system 340 further includes a web browsing application 350 capable of displaying a web page 360 provided by first computing system 320.

[0044] First computing system 320 and second computing system 340 can be any type of computer system, such as standalone computing system 200, discussed in reference to FIGURE 2. Computing system 320 and second computing system 340 further include devices for communicating over network 330.

[0045] According to an exemplary embodiment, network 330 is the Internet, a worldwide network of computer networks that use various protocols to facilitate data transmission and exchange. Network 330 can use a protocol, such as the TCP/IP network protocol or the DECnet, X.25, and UDP protocols. According to alternative embodiments, network 330 can be any type of network, such as a virtual private network (VPN), an Ethernet, or a Netware network. Further, network 330 can include a configuration, such as, a wide area network (WAN) or a local area network (LAN). Network 330 preferably provides communication with a Hypertext Markup Language (HTML).

[0046] Web browsing application 350 can be any type of application capable of accessing information stored on other computing systems over network 330. Examples can include applications such as Internet Explorer sold by Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, WA or Netscape sold by Netscape Communications Inc. of Mountain View, CA. According to an exemplary embodiment, web browsing application 350 can be used to access first computing system 320, to receive data, and to display web page 360.

[0047] According to an exemplary embodiment, a customer seeking to utilize system 300 to obtain an animal feed formulation having a customized nucleic acid material content can access second computing system 340 and run web browsing application 350. Web browsing application 350 can be directed to retrieve web page 360 from first computing system 320 over network 330.

[0048] Once retrieved, web page 360 can be used by the customer to provide necessary inputs. The necessary input can include the animal data, available feed ingredients, and evaluation criteria as described with reference to FIGURE 1. First computing system can receive the inputs.

[0049] Based on the inputs, first computing system 200 can gather necessary data related to the inputs. Examples could include an idealized nutrient profile for the animal described in the animal data, the nutrient profile for the available ingredients listed, etc. Gathering necessary data can include accessing stored values available locally or over the network.

[0050] The data can then be utilized as input to a linear math program, described with reference to FIGURE 1, to generate an animal feed formulation. First computing system 320 can then transfer the animal feed formulation to second computing system 340 over network 330 for display on web page 360.

[0051] Although ingredients naturally contain levels of nucleic acid materials, it may be advantageous to utilize an ingredient that has a relatively higher concentration of nucleic acid material. Ingredients that contain genetic material derived from either cell nuclei or ribosomal DNA or RNA can contain nucleic acid material concentrations. Tissues with a relative high DNA and RNA to cell dry matter ratio can include a relatively higher concentration of nucleic acid materials. Some processing methods may increase nucleic acid material concentration by preferential separation of non-nucleic acid material compounds out of the final feed ingredient.

[0052] According to an exemplary embodiment, the starting material for the animal feed ingredient can be a byproduct of heparin production. Heparin is an organic compound including a mixture of complex carbohydrate molecules called mucopolysaccharides. It functions as a short-term anticoagulant used to prevent thrombosis during and after surgery and for initial treatment of various heart, lung, or circulatory disorders in which there is an increased risk of blood clotting. The byproducts of heparin production can be formed into an animal feed ingredient having a high nucleic acid material content.

[0053] Advantageously, a single ingredient with a high nucleic acid material content allows the producer greater flexibility to satisfy other evaluation criteria in addition to nucleic acid material levels. It can also provide a cost benefit in reducing the mass of material, possibly having surplus nutrients, that must be utilized to meet nucleic acid material requirements.

[0054] Additionally, an ingredient having a high nucleic acid material content can provide high levels of nucleic acid material with less bulk. This advantage can be important if the animal has reduced consumption caused by weaning or illness.

[0055] While the exemplary method described above yields a product with a high nucleic acid material content, any ingredient can be used to modify the nucleic acid material content of an animal feed. The ingredients can be naturally occurring or produced as a result of a processing method.

[0056] Further, while the exemplary embodiments illustrated in the figures and described above are presently preferred, it should be understood that these embodiments are offered by way of example only. Other examples may include, for example, a wide variety of ways to convey information regarding animal information or formulations having a customized nucleic acid material content such as, wireless application protocol (WAP), personal digital assistant (PDA) protocols, and other presentation means.

Further, while exemplary embodiments describe the invention in the context of livestock feed, the invention may extend to other types of animal feed in which a customized nucleic acid material content is advantageous. Additionally, specific information is described above as coming from specific sources for use in the system and method, but any information that is relevant, from any source, can be used in the calculations. The invention is not limited to a particular embodiment, but extends to various modifications, combinations, and permutations that nevertheless fall within the scope and spirit of the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A system for determining customized feed for at least one animal, the system comprising:

a first memory portion configured to store animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal;

a second memory portion configured to store feed data representative of feed ingredients; and

a data processing circuit in communication with the first and second memory portions and configured to generate a nutritional profile including a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data, the data processing circuit being further configured to generate formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients, the formulation data being generated by the data processing circuit based upon at least one of the nutritional profile data and the feed data.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein the animal data is representative of at least one of a beginning weight of the animal, a desired weight of the animal, an environment of the animal, a production state of the animal, a health state of the animal, a feed form, and an actual or desired production level of the animal, and a relationship of animal muscle to fat of the animal.

3. The system of claim 2, wherein the health state of the animal includes at least one of a healthy state, a weaning state, an illness state, and a challenged state.

4. The system of claim 1, wherein the feed ingredients include at least one of a grain source, a protein source, a vitamin source, a mineral source, a fat source and a nucleic acid material source.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein the evaluation criteria includes at least one of the animal production rate, the cost of feed per unit animal weight gain, and the feed weight per unit animal weight gain.

6. The system of claim 1, wherein the evaluation data is representative of at least two evaluation criteria.

7. The system of claim 6, further comprising a third memory portion in communication with the data processing circuit, the third memory portion
5 being configured to store optimization weighting data representative of the effect a respective evaluation data has on the generation of the formulation data, the data processing circuit further generating the formulation data based upon the optimization weighting data.

8. The system of claim 7, wherein the optimization weighting data
10 may be selected to cause one of the evaluation criteria to have no effect on the generation of the formulation data.

9. The system of claim 1, wherein the memory portions are portions of a digital memory and a parallel data bus is coupled between the digital memory and the data processing circuit to facilitate communication.

10. The system of claim 1, wherein the memory portions are portions
15 of a plurality of digital memories and a network couples the digital memories to the data processing circuit to facilitate communication.

11. The system of claim 1, wherein the nutritional profile data is representative of at least two nutrient components, and the system further includes a fourth memory portion in communication with the digital processor, the fourth memory portion storing variation data representative of a range for the nutrient components of the nutritional profile and the digital processor generates a set of formulation data based upon the variation data.

12. The system of claim 11, wherein the nutrient components includes at least the nucleic acid material content.

13. A system for determining customized feed for at least one animal, the system comprising:

a first memory portion configured to store animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal;

a second memory portion configured to store feed data representative of feed ingredients;

a third memory portion configured to store evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria; and

a data processing circuit in communication with the first, second and third memory portions and configured to generate a nutritional profile including a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data, the data processing circuit being further configured to generate formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients, the formulation data being generated by the data processing circuit based upon at least one of the nutritional profile data, the feed data, and the evaluation data.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein the animal data is representative of at least one of a beginning weight of the animal, a desired weight of the animal, an environment of the animal, a production state of the animal, a health state of the animal, a feed form, and an actual or desired production level of the animal, and a relationship of animal muscle to fat of the animal.

15. The system of claim 14, wherein the health state of the animal includes at least one of a healthy state, a weaning state, an illness state, and a challenged state.

16. The system of claim 13, wherein the feed ingredients include at least one of a grain source, a protein source, a vitamin source, a mineral source, a fat source and a nucleic acid material source.

17. The system of claim 13, wherein the evaluation criteria includes at least one of the animal production rate, the cost of feed per unit animal weight gain, and the feed weight per unit animal weight gain.

18. The system of claim 13, wherein the evaluation data is representative of at least two evaluation criteria.

19. The system of claim 18, further comprising a fourth memory portion in communication with the data processing circuit, the fourth memory portion being configured to store optimization weighting data representative of the effect a respective evaluation data has on the generation of the formulation data, the data processing circuit further generating the formulation data based upon the optimization weighting data.

20. The system of claim 19, wherein the optimization weighting data may be selected to cause one of the evaluation criteria to have no effect on the generation of the formulation data.

21. The system of claim 13, wherein the memory portions are portions of a digital memory and a parallel data bus is coupled between the digital memory and the data processing circuit to facilitate communication.

22. The system of claim 13, wherein the memory portions are portions of a plurality of digital memories and a network couples the digital memories to the data processing circuit to facilitate communication.

23. The system of claim 13, wherein the nutritional profile data is representative of at least two nutrient components, and the system further includes a fifth memory portion in communication with the digital processor, the fifth memory portion storing variation data representative of a range for the
5 nutrient components of the nutritional profile and the digital processor generates a set of formulation data based upon the variation data.

24. The system of claim 23, wherein the nutrient components includes at least the nucleic acid material content.

25. A system for determining customized feed for at least one animal,
10 the system comprising:

first memory means for storing animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal;

second memory means for storing feed data representative of feed ingredients;

15 third memory means for storing evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria; and

processing means for generating a nutritional profile including a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data, the processing means generating formulation data representative of a
20 combination of feed ingredients, the formulation data being generated based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data and the evaluation data.

26. The system of claim 25, wherein animal data is representative of at least one of a beginning weight of the animal, a desired weight of the animal, an environment of the animal, a health state of the animal, a feed form,
25 and an actual or desired production level of the animal.

27. The system of claim 25, wherein the health state of the animal includes selection of at least one of a healthy state, a stressed state and a challenged state.

28. The system of claim 25, wherein the feed ingredients include at least one of a grain source, a protein source, a vitamin source, a mineral source, a fat source and a nucleic acid material source.

29. The system of claim 25, wherein the evaluation criteria includes at least one of animal production rate, cost of feed per unit animal weight gain and feed weight per unit animal weight gain.

30. The system of claim 25, further comprising a fourth memory portion in communication with the data processing circuit, the fourth memory portion being configured to store optimization weighting data representative of the effect a respective evaluation criteria has on the generation of formulation data, the data processing circuit further generation the formulation data based on the optimization weighting data.

31. The system of claim 25, wherein the nutritional profile is representative of at least two nutrient components, and the system further including a fifth memory portion in communication with the digital processor, the fifth memory portion storing variation data representative of a range for at least one nutrient component of the nutritional profile and the digital processor generates a set of formulation data based upon the variation data.

32. A computerized method for determining customized feed for at least one animal, the method comprising:

receiving animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal in a first memory portion;

receiving feed data representative of feed ingredients in a second memory portion;

generating with a processing circuit nutritional profile data representative of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data; and

generating with the processing circuit formulation including data representative of a combination of feed ingredients, formulation data being generated based upon the nutritional profile data and the feed data.

33. The computerized method of claim 32, wherein the nutritional
5 profile includes a level of nucleic acid material determined by the processing circuit to optimize a criteria based upon the animal data.

34. The computerized method of claim 33, wherein the nutritional profile includes data representative of at least one additional nutrient component.

10 35. The computerized method of claim 32, wherein the nutritional profile data is representative of at least two nutrient components, the method further comprising the step of generating a set of formulation data based upon variation data representative of a range for at least one nutrient component of the nutritional profile.

15 36. The computerized method of claim 32, wherein the feed ingredients include at least one of a carbohydrate source, a protein source, a fat source, a vitamin source, a mineral source and a nucleic acid material source.

20 37. A computerized method for determining customized feed for at least one animal, the method comprising:

receiving animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal in a first memory portion;

receiving feed data representative of feed ingredients in a second memory portion;

25 receiving evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria in a third memory portion;

generating with a processing circuit nutritional profile data representative of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data; and

generating with the processing circuit formulation including data representative of a combination of feed ingredients, formulation data being generated based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data and the evaluation data.

5 38. The computerized method of claim 37, wherein the nutritional profile includes a level of nucleic acid material determined by the processing circuit to optimize a criteria based upon the animal data.

 39. The computerized method of claim 38, wherein the evaluation criteria includes at least two criteria.

10 40. The computerized method of claim 39, wherein the evaluation criteria include an associated optimization weighting data, the processing circuit further generating a formulation data representative of the effect of the optimization weighting data.

 41. The computerized method of claim 38, wherein the nutritional
15 profile includes data representative of at least one additional nutrient component.

 42. The computerized method of claim 37, wherein the nutritional
profile data is representative of at least two nutrient components, the
processing circuit further generating a set of formulation data based upon
20 variation data representative of a range for at least one nutrient component of
the nutritional profile.

 43. The computerized method of claim 37, wherein the feed
ingredients include at least one of a carbohydrate source, a protein source, a
fat source, a vitamin source, a mineral source and a nucleic acid material
25 source.

 44. A computerized method for optimizing the growth rate of an
animal, the method comprising:

receiving animal data representative of the characteristics of the animal in a first memory portion;

receiving feed data representative of feed ingredients in a second memory portion;

5 receiving evaluation data representative of at least one evaluation criteria in a third memory portion;

generating with a processing circuit nutritional profile including a data representative of a desirable nucleic acid material content for the animal based upon the animal data; and

10 generating with a processing circuit formulation data representative of a combination of feed ingredients, formulation data being generated based upon the nutritional profile data, the feed data and the evaluation data.

45. The computerized method of claim 44, wherein the nutritional
15 profile includes a level of nucleic acid material determined to optimize a criteria based upon the animal data.

46. The computerized method of claim 45, wherein the evaluation criteria includes at least two criteria.

47. The computerized method of claim 46, wherein the evaluation
20 criteria include an associated optimization weighting data, the processing circuit further generating a formulation data representative of the effect of the optimization weighting data.

48. The computerized method of claim 45, wherein the nutritional
25 profile includes data representative of at least one additional nutrient component.

49. The computerized method of claim 44, wherein the nutritional profile data is representative of at least two nutrient components, the processing circuit further generating a set of formulation data based upon

variation data representative of a range for at least one nutrient component of the nutritional profile.

50. The computerized method of claim 44, wherein the feed ingredients include at least one of a carbohydrate source, a protein source, a fat source, a vitamin source, a mineral source and a nucleic acid material source.

51. The computerized method of claim 44, wherein the animal is newly weaned.

52. The computerized method of claim 45, wherein the animal is intestinally challenged.

53. The computerized method of claim 45, wherein the formulation data is used by the processing circuit to create an animal feed having a customized nucleic acid material content.

54. The computerized method of claim 53, wherein the processing circuit is utilized in production of a food product from an animal fed the animal feed.

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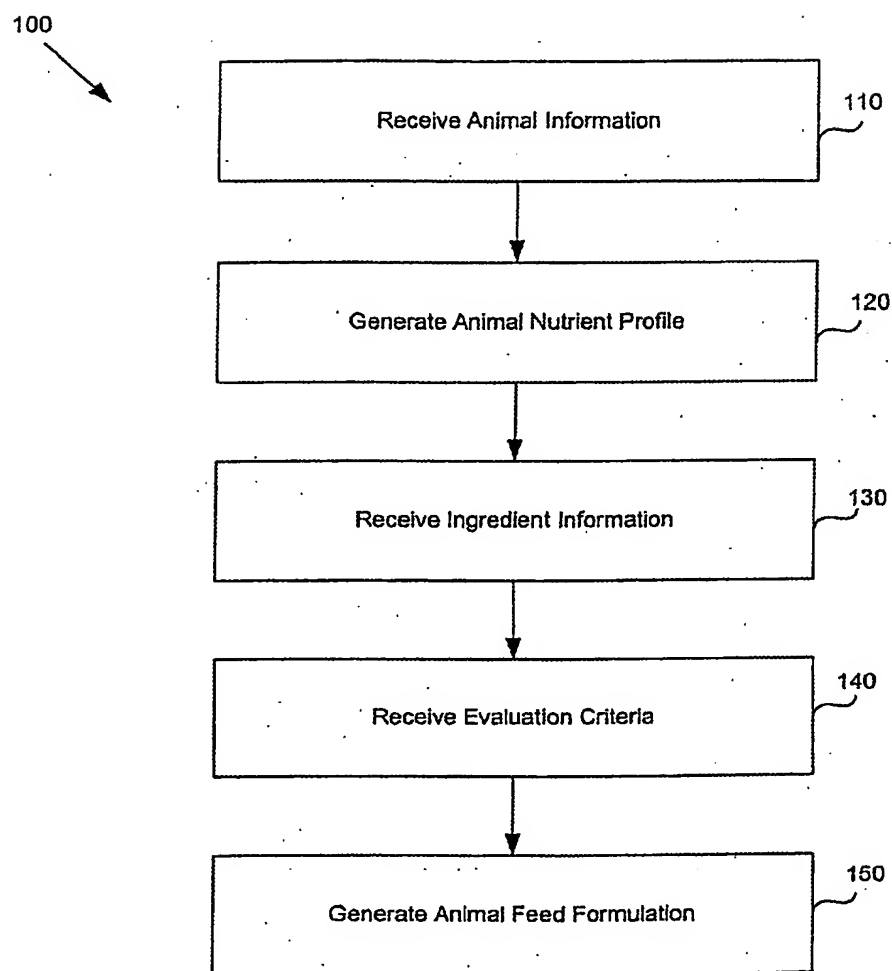


FIGURE 1

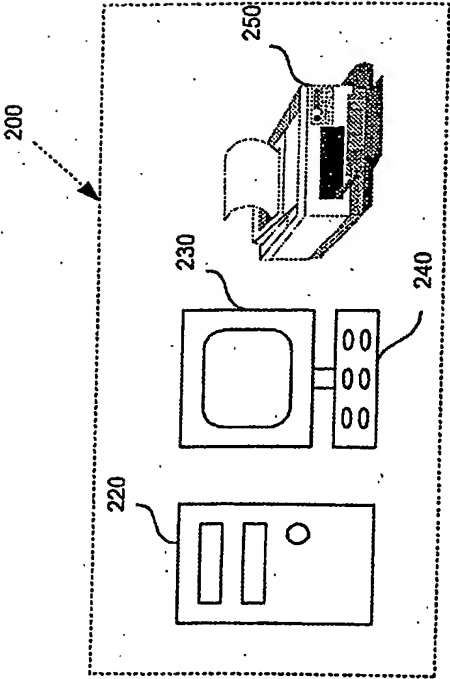


FIGURE 2

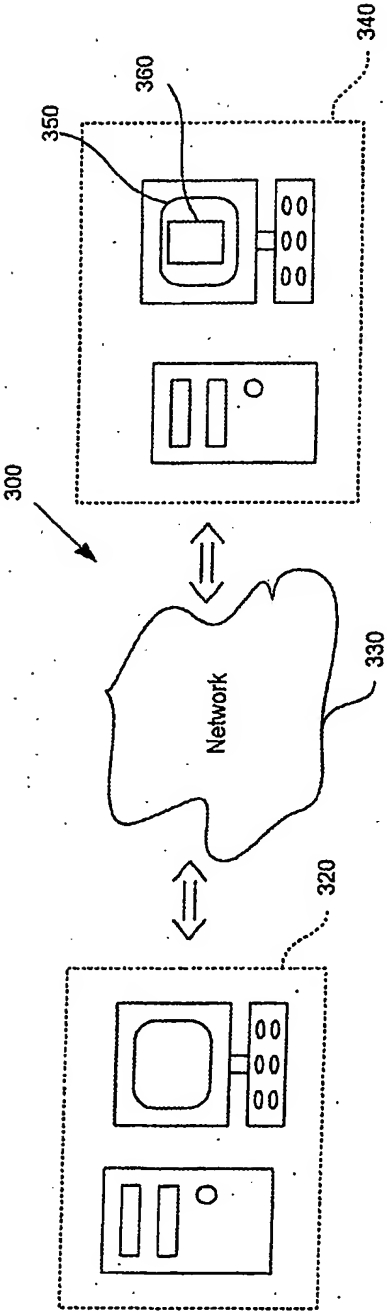


FIGURE 3